

FAMILY E

Child Safety Car Seats

Keeping your home hazardfree



Four out of five child-safety car seats are used incorrectly. Here's how to make sure your kids are fully protected and that you are buckling them up correctly.

- ✓ Infants should ride in rear-facing seats as long as possible, at least until they are 12 months old and weigh at least 20 pounds.
- ✓ Don't put a rear-facing seat in a front seat that is equipped with a passenger air bag.
- ✓ Keep harness straps snug.
- ✓ Fasten the harness clip at armpit level.
- Recline the seat so the child's head can rest flat against the shell. For more safety resources, visit



safetycenter.navy.mil



- For kids over 1 year old and who weigh between 20 and 40 pounds, use a front-facing child-safety seat.
- ✓ Fasten the harness clip at armpit level. Route the harness straps in the harness slots at or slightly above shoulder level.
- Keep harness traps snug and flat. Keep the seat upright.





- ✓ Kids over 40 pounds can use booster seats.
- ▼ These seats position the installed lap belt over the child's hips and upper thighs, and the shoulder belt across the chest and shoulder.
- ▼ These seats require both lap and shoulder belts to be effective.
- If you car has a back seat that is lower than the child's ears, you need to get a high-back-style booster seat to protect the child's neck.





- **✓** By around age 8, kids can move to regular lap and shoulder belts.
- ✓ They must be tall enough to sit back against the seat with their knees bent over the edge.
- ✓ Never let the child sit with the shoulder belt under their arms or behind their back.
- Send in your child-safety-seat registration, so that you can be notified if the seat is recalled. Visit www.nhtsa.dot.gov, or call 888-DASH-2-DOT.
- ▼ The back seat is usually the safest place for a child to ride.

For more safety Replace sny seat that has been safetycenter.navinvalved in a crash.

